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From: Yale Environment 360 Published April 27, 2010 08:02 AM Soil Production of Co₂ May Decline As World Warms

Contradicting earlier studies showing that soil microbes will emit more carbon dioxide as global warming intensifies, new research suggests that these microbes become less efficient over time in a warmer environment and would actually emit less CO₂. The research, published in the journal Nature Geoscience, could have important implications for calculating how much $\underline{\text{heat}}$ -trapping CO₂ will accumulate in the atmosphere as temperatures

Researchers from the University of California, Irvine, as well as Colorado State and Yale universities, found that soil microbes, in the form of bacteria and fungi, rapidly exhale CO2 for a short period of time in a warmer environment. But as higher temperatures persist, the microbes begin to use carbon less efficiently in their respiration process, which causes the microbes to decrease in number and emit less ${\rm CO}_2$ into the atmosphere.

"Microbes aren't the destructive agents of global warming that scientists had previously believed," said the study's lead author, Steve Allison of UC Irvine. But Allison and his co-authors cautioned

that further study is necessary to determine how soil enzymes might evolve as temperatures rise, which could affect the carbon balance in soils.

For more information: http://e360.yale.edu/content/digest.msp?id=2386

http://www.nature.com/ngeo/journal/vaop/ncurrent/abs/ngeo846.html

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